

ML610Q793

8-bit Microcontroller for Sensor Control

■ General Description

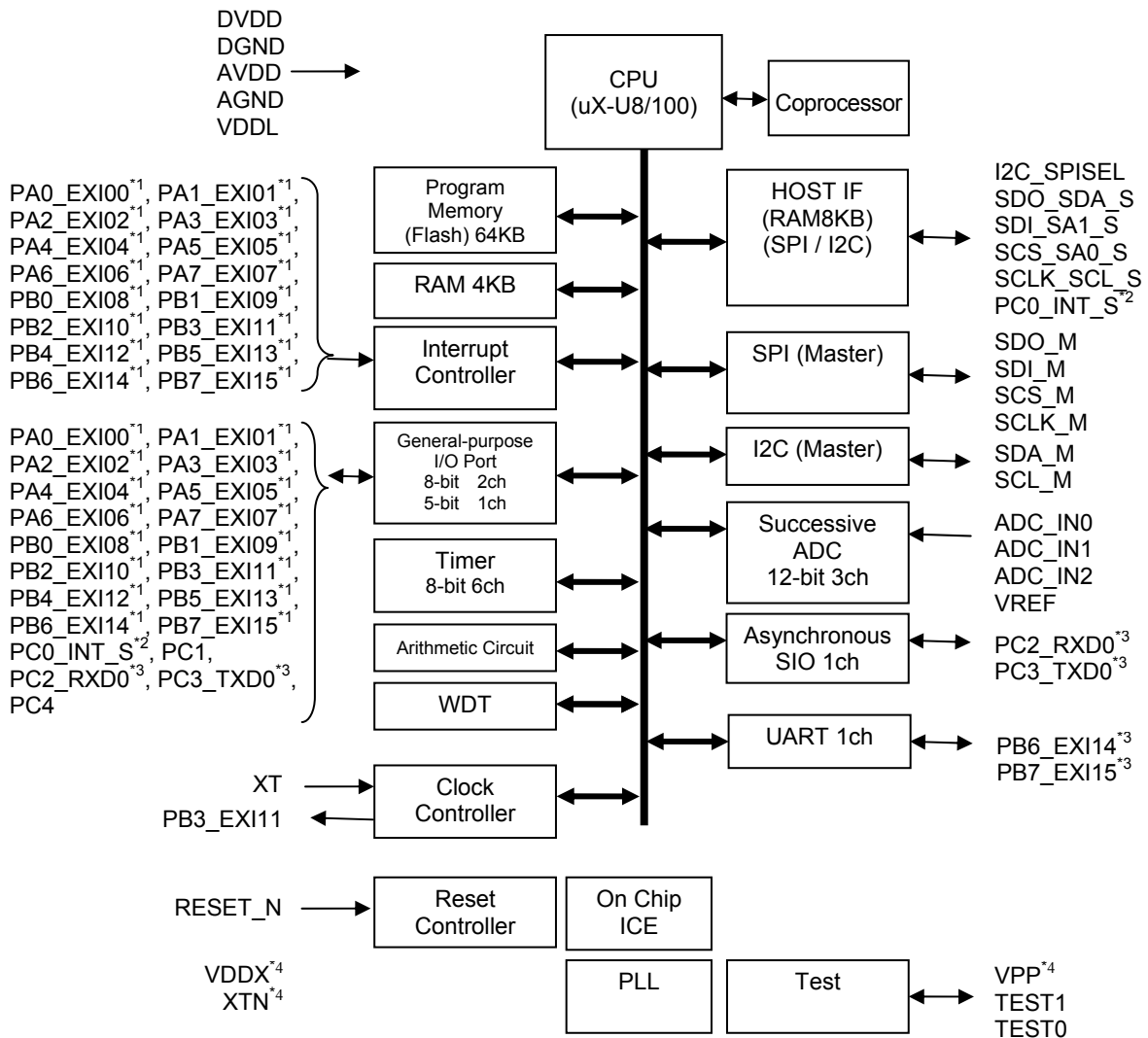
The ML610Q793 is a high-performance 8-bit low power microcontroller optimized for sensor hub, that integrates LAPIS Semiconductor's original high-performance 8-bit CPU core with a 16-bit multiplier/divider co-processor, 64 KByte flash memory, 4 KByte RAM, multiple interfaces for various sensors and host interfaces with 8KByte logging RAM in small footprint package. The ML610Q793 is an ideal sensor hub microcontroller for smart phone to separate various sensors off from its application processor and control them effectively for reducing total system power consumption.

■ Features

- CPU
 - 8-bit RISC CPU (CPU name: uX-U8/100)
 - 16-bit length instruction system
 - Minimum instruction execution time
 - 30.5 us (32.768 kHz system clock)
 - 0.25 us (4.096 MHz system clock)
 - Built-in coprocessor for multiplication, division, and multiply-accumulate operations
 - Multiplication (Input: 16-bit x 16-bit, Output: 32-bit)
 - Division (Input: 32-bit/16-bit, Output: 32-bit)
 - Multiply-accumulate (Input: 16-bit x 16-bit + 32-bit, Output: 32-bit)
- Internal memory
 - 64KByte Flash ROM (32KWord x 16-bit)
 - 4KByte SRAM (4KWord x 8-bit)
- Interrupt controller
 - Non-maskable interrupt: 1 source
 - Maskable interrupt: 29 sources
 - Number of internal sources: 13 (Timer: 6, ADC: 1, SPI: 1, I2C: 1, HOSTIF: 1, Arithmetic circuit: 1, UART: 1, SIO: 1)
 - Number of external sources: 16
- Timer
 - 8 bits timer x 6 ch (also 16 bits x 3ch configuration is available by using Timer 0 and 1, Timer 2 and 3, or Timer 4 and 5)
 - Watchdog timer (WDT) x 1ch
- Serial interface
 - SPI interface with master function x 1ch
 - I2C interface with master function x 1ch
 - UART interface (two-wire, full duplex communication) x 1ch
 - SIO interface (two-wire, half-duplex communication) x 1ch
- Host interface
 - Serial interface with slave function (SPI/I2C selectable) x 1ch
 - Host processor interrupt
 - 8KByte RAM for logging

- General-purpose I/O port
 - 8-bit input/output port x 2ch
 - 5-bit input/output port x 1ch
- A/D converter
 - 12-bit successive approximation type A/D converter x 3ch
- Arithmetic circuit
 - Root operation (Input: 18 bit, Output: 19 bit)
- Power consumption control function
 - CPU operation mode
 - Supports high frequency operation and low frequency operation
 - HALT mode
 - Supports the HALT mode for stopping CPU only
 - Returning for HALT mode : 77usec
- Input clock
 - 32.768 kHz (External clock input)
- Power supply voltage
 - Analog section:(using ADC) 2.5V to 3.6V
(not using ADC) 1.7V to 1.9V
 - Digital I/O section: 1.7V to 1.9V
 - Digital core section: 1.7V to 1.9V
- Power consumption
 - High-speed operation (4.096MHz): 0.93mA
 - HALT Mode: 0.6uA
- Operating frequency
 - High-speed clock: 4.096 MHz
 - Low-speed clock: 32.768kHz
- Operating temperature
 - Ambient temperature: -30°C to +85°C (FLASH erase/programming -30°C to +60°C)
- Package
 - 48-pin WL-CSP (S-UFLGA48-3.06x2.96-0.40-W)

■ Block Diagram



*1 Shared by the interrupt pins and the general-purpose I/O port
 *2 Shared by the interrupt output pin of the host interface and the general-purpose I/O port
 *3 Shared by the UART/Asynchronous SIO transmit/receive pins and the general-purpose I/O port
 *4 Leave this pin open in ML610Q793

■ Pin Configuration

DGND	DVDD	SDA_M	PA2_EXI02	PA5_EXI05	PB0_EXI08	PB3_EXI11	7
AVDD	VDDX	VDDL	PA1_EXI01	PA4_EXI04	PA7_EXI07	PB2_EXI10	6
ADC_IN1	AGND	SCL_M	PA0_EXI00	PA3_EXI03	PB1_EXI09	VPP	5
ADC_IN2	VREF	ADC_IN0	PC1	PA6_EXI06	PB7_EXI15	PC2_RXD0	4
XTN	TEST0	PC4	SCS_SA0_S	SDI_M	X	PB4_EXI12	3
XT	TEST1	SDO_SDA_S	SDI_SA1_S	SCS_M	PB6_EXI14	PC3_TXD0	2
I2C_SPISEL	RESET_N	SCLK_SCL_S	SDO_M	SCLK_M	PC0_INT_S	PB5_EXI13	1
G	F	E	D	C	B	A	

48-pin WL-CSP Package(S-UFLGA48-3.06x2.96-0.40-W)
(Bottom View)

■ List of Pins

PIN No.	Symbol	Input/output	Polarity	Function
F5	AGND	—	—	Analog GND
G6	AVDD	—	—	Analog power supply
G7	DGND	—	—	Digital IO/core GND
F7	DVDD	—	—	Digital I/O power supply
E6	VDDL	—	—	Digital core power supply
F6	VDDX	—	—	Test pin (open)
G1	I2C_SPISEL	I	—	Selects the interface with the host I2C interface when I2C_SPISEL = 1 SPI interface when I2C_SPISEL = 0
E2	SDO_SDA_S	IO	—	SDA of I2C slave interface when I2C_SPISEL = 1
		O	—	SDO of SPI slave interface when I2C_SPISEL = 0 (This signal status is Hi-Z except for output data.)
D2	SDI_SA1_S	I	—	I2C slave address when I2C_SPISEL = 1
		I	—	SDI of SPI slave interface when I2C_SPISEL = 0
D3	SCS_SA0_S	I	—	I2C slave address when I2C_SPISEL = 1
		I	Positive	SCS of SPI slave interface when I2C_SPISEL = 0
E1	SCLK_SCL_S	I	—	SCL of I2C slave interface when I2C_SPISEL = 1
		I	—	SCLK of SPI slave interface when I2C_SPISEL = 0
E7	SDA_M	IO	—	SDA of I2C master interface
E5	SCL_M	O	—	SCL of I2C master interface
D1	SDO_M	O	—	SDO of SPI master interface
C3	SDI_M	I	—	SDI of SPI master interface
C2	SCS_M	O	Positive	SCS of SPI master interface
C1	SCLK_M	O	—	SCLK of SPI master interface
G4	ADC_IN2	I	—	Successive ADC input 2
G5	ADC_IN1	I	—	Successive ADC input 1
E4	ADC_IN0	I	—	Successive ADC input 0
F4	VREF	I	—	Successive ADC reference voltage input
B1	PC0_INT_S	IO	—	General-purpose input/output port for the primary function
		O	Negative	Interrupt output for host interface for the secondary function
D4	PC1	IO	—	General-purpose input/output port
A4	PC2_RXD0	IO	—	General-purpose input/output port for the primary function
		I	—	Asynchronous SIO receive data for the secondary function
A2	PC3_TXD0	IO	—	General-purpose input/output port for the primary function
		O	—	Asynchronous SIO transmit data for the secondary function
E3	PC4	IO	—	General-purpose input/output port
D5	PA0_EXI00	IO	—	General-purpose input/output port/external interrupt input
D6	PA1_EXI01	IO	—	General-purpose input/output port/external interrupt input
D7	PA2_EXI02	IO	—	General-purpose input/output port/external interrupt input
C5	PA3_EXI03	IO	—	General-purpose input/output port/external interrupt input
C6	PA4_EXI04	IO	—	General-purpose input/output port/external interrupt input
C7	PA5_EXI05	IO	—	General-purpose input/output port/external interrupt input
C4	PA6_EXI06	IO	—	General-purpose input/output port/external interrupt input
B6	PA7_EXI07	IO	—	General-purpose input/output port/external interrupt input
B7	PB0_EXI08	IO	—	General-purpose input/output port/external interrupt input
B5	PB1_EXI09	IO	—	General-purpose input/output port/external interrupt input
A6	PB2_EXI10	IO	—	General-purpose input/output port/external interrupt input

A7	PB3_EXI11	IO	—	General-purpose input/output port/external interrupt input
		O	—	32.768kHz clock for output
A3	PB4_EXI12	IO	—	General-purpose input/output port/external interrupt input
A1	PB5_EXI13	IO	—	General-purpose input/output port/external interrupt input
B2	PB6_EXI14	IO	—	General-purpose input/output port/external interrupt input for the primary function
		I	—	UART receive data for the secondary function
B4	PB7_EXI15	IO	—	General-purpose input/output port/external interrupt input for the primary function
		O	—	UART transmit data for the secondary function
F1	RESET_N	I	Negative	System reset input
G2	XT	I	—	External clock input
G3	XTN	—	—	Test pin (open)
A5	VPP	—	—	Test pin (open)
F2	TEST1	I	—	Test pin
F3	TEST0	I	—	Test pin/remap pin (for firmware update)

■ Termination of Unused Pins

Pin	Recommended pin termination
VPP	open.
VDDX	open.
XTN	open.
TEST0	open.
TEST1	open.
PA0~PA7	open. (refer to Note).
PB0~PB7	open. (refer to Note).
PC0~PC4	open. (refer to Note).
ADC_IN0~2	open.
VREF	open.
SDA_M, SCL_M	open.
SDO_M, SCS_M, SCLK_M	open.
SDI_M	Connect this pin to a pull-down resistor.
SCLK_SCL_S, SCS_SA0_S, SDI_SA1_S, SDO_SDA_S	Apply low level to I2C_SPISEL pin, and connect these pins to a pull-down resistor.

[Note:]

The supply current flow may become excessively large if the pins of unused input ports and input/output ports are left open with the high impedance input setting. It is recommended to set those ports to input mode with a pull-down resistor, input mode with a pull-up resistor, or output mode by setting the port control register.

■ Host Interface

The ML610Q793 controls various sensors via the host interface. The host interface provides selectable I2C/SPI interface and interrupt signals to the host processor, and includes an 8-bit register address space and an 8-KByte FIFO.

● Register Map

Address		Name	Symbol (Byte)	R/W	Size	Initial Value
Write	Read					
00H	80H	Configuration register	CFG	R/W	8	00H
01H	81H	Sensor interrupt mask register 0	INTMSK0	R/W	8	FFH
02H	82H	Sensor interrupt mask register 1	INTMSK1	R/W	8	FFH
03H~ 07H	83H~ 87H	reserved	—	—	—	—
08H	88H	Operation status register	STATUS	R/—	8	FEH
09H	89H	Sensor interrupt request register 0	INTREQ0	R/—	8	00H
0AH	8AH	Sensor interrupt request register 1	INTREQ1	R/—	8	00H
0BH	8BH	Error code register 0	ERROR0	R/—	8	00H
0CH	8CH	Error code register 1	ERROR1	R/—	8	00H
0DH~ 0FH	8DH~ 8FH	reserved	—	—	—	—
10H	90H	Command register 0	CMD0	R/W	8	00H
11H	91H	Command register 1	CMD1	R/W	8	00H
12H	92H	Parameter register 0	PRM0	R/W	8	00H
13H	93H	Parameter register 1	PRM1	R/W	8	00H
14H	94H	Parameter register 2	PRM2	R/W	8	00H
15H	95H	Parameter register 3	PRM3	R/W	8	00H
16H	96H	Parameter register 4	PRM4	R/W	8	00H
17H	97H	Parameter register 5	PRM5	R/W	8	00H
18H	98H	Parameter register 6	PRM6	R/W	8	00H
19H	99H	Parameter register 7	PRM7	R/W	8	00H
1AH	9AH	Parameter register 8	PRM8	R/W	8	00H
1BH	9BH	Parameter register 9	PRM9	R/W	8	00H
1CH	9CH	Parameter register A	PRMA	R/W	8	00H
1DH	9DH	Parameter register B	PRMB	R/W	8	00H
1EH	9EH	Parameter register C	PRMC	R/W	8	00H
1FH	9FH	Command entry register	ENT	R/W	8	00H
20H	A0H	Result register 00	RSLT00	R/—	8	00H
21H	A1H	Result register 01	RSLT01	R/—	8	00H
22H	A2H	Result register 02	RSLT02	R/—	8	00H
23H	A3H	Result register 03	RSLT03	R/—	8	00H
24H	A4H	Result register 04	RSLT04	R/—	8	00H
25H	A5H	Result register 05	RSLT05	R/—	8	00H
26H	A6H	Result register 06	RSLT06	R/—	8	00H
27H	A7H	Result register 07	RSLT07	R/—	8	00H
28H	A8H	Result register 08	RSLT08	R/—	8	00H
29H	A9H	Result register 09	RSLT09	R/—	8	00H
2AH	AAH	Result register 0A	RSLT0A	R/—	8	00H
2BH	ABH	Result register 0B	RSLT0B	R/—	8	00H
2CH	ACH	Result register 0C	RSLT0C	R/—	8	00H
2DH	ADH	Result register 0D	RSLT0D	R/—	8	00H

2EH	AEH	Result register 0E	RSLT0E	R/—	8	00H
2FH	AFH	Result register 0F	RSLT0F	R/—	8	00H
30H	B0H	Result register 10	RSLT10	R/—	8	00H
31H	B1H	Result register 11	RSLT11	R/—	8	00H
32H	B2H	Result register 12	RSLT12	R/—	8	00H
33H	B3H	Result register 13	RSLT13	R/—	8	00H
34H	B4H	Result register 14	RSLT14	R/—	8	00H
35H	B5H	Result register 15	RSLT15	R/—	8	00H
36H	B6H	Result register 16	RSLT16	R/—	8	00H
37H	B7H	Result register 17	RSLT17	R/—	8	00H
38H	B8H	Result register 18	RSLT18	R/—	8	00H
39H	B9H	Result register 19	RSLT19	R/—	8	00H
3AH	BAH	Result register 1A	RSLT1A	R/—	8	00H
3BH	BBH	Result register 1B	RSLT1B	R/—	8	00H
3CH	BCH	Result register 1C	RSLT1C	R/—	8	00H
3DH	BDH	Result register 1D	RSLT1D	R/—	8	00H
3EH	BEH	Result register 1E	RSLT1E	R/—	8	00H
3FH	BFH	Result register 1F	RSLT1F	R/—	8	00H
40H	C0H	Result register 20	RSLT20	R/W	8	Undefined
41H~ 7FH	C1H~ FFH	reserved	—	—	—	—

- Configuration Register CFG

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
CFG	REGMD	SPI3M	—	—	—	INTLVL	—	—
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

REGMD:

Sets the access mode of the serial interface (I2C/SPI). Set to "0" to increment the internal address by 1 each time a 1-byte data is transmitted/received. Set to "1" to fix the address to the same address.

The Result register 20 is not intended. In addition, there is prohibition that set to "0" to this register and read successively for Result register "IF" to "20".

SPI3M:

If the host interface is set "SPI" (apply low level to I2C_SPISEL pin), sets the interface type(3-wires or 4-wires) of SPI communication. Set to "0" for 4-wires mode, or set to "1" for 3-wires mode.

INTLVL:

Sets the interrupt level. Set to "0" for pulse output, or set to "1" for level output.

- Sensor Interrupt Mask Register INTMSK0, INTMSK1

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
INTMSK0	MSK0[7]	MSK0[6]	MSK0[5]	MSK0[4]	MSK0[3]	MSK0[2]	MSK0[1]	MSK0[0]
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Initial Value	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
INTMSK1	MSK1[7]	MSK1[6]	MSK1[5]	MSK1[4]	MSK1[3]	MSK1[2]	MSK1[1]	MSK1[0]
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Initial Value	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

MSK0[7:0]:

Masks the interrupt notification to the host processor by the sensor interrupt request register (INTREQ0). Set to "1" to mask the interrupt notification by REQ0[n] bit of INTREQ0. Set to "0" not to mask the interrupt notification.

MSK1[7:0]:

Masks the interrupt notification to the host processor by the sensor interrupt request register (INTREQ1). Set to "1" to mask the interrupt notification by REQ1[n] bit of INTREQ1. Set to "0" not to mask the interrupt notification.

● Operation Status Register STATUS

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
STATUS	ST[7]	ST[6]	ST[5]	ST[4]	ST[3]	ST[2]	ST[1]	ST[0]
R/W	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—
Initial Value	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0

ST[n](N=7 to 0):

Indicates the status of sensor measurement.

Read successively for STAUS, INTREQ0, INTREQ1 by address increments mode.

● Sensor Interrupt Request Register INTREQ n ($n = 0, 1$)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
INTREQ n	REQ n [7]	REQ n [6]	REQ n [5]	REQ n [4]	REQ n [3]	REQ n [2]	REQ n [1]	REQ n [0]
R/W	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

REQ n [7:0]:

Indicates the interrupt source to the host processor. Each bit of this register is cleared by being read by the host processor.

Read successively for INTREQ0, INTREQ1 by address increments mode.

* In competition clear by the reading from a host processor and write from the CPU occurs, Writing from the CPU may not be reflected in this register.

Therefore controls so that access of the CPU and access of the host processor do not compete.

In cases the competition is non avoidable, refer to [ML610Q793 SDK sensor control software manuals].

Provide Software avoiding competition for Software Development Kit [SDK].

● Error Code Register ERROR n ($n = 0, 1$)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ERROR n	ER n [7]	ER n [6]	ER n [5]	ER n [4]	ER n [3]	ER n [2]	ER n [1]	ER n [0]
R/W	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

ER n [7:0]:

Indicates the ERROR Code of host processor.

● Command Register CMD n ($n = 0, 1$)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
CMD n	CMD n [7]	CMD n [6]	CMD n [5]	CMD n [4]	CMD n [3]	CMD n [2]	CMD n [1]	CMD n [0]
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

CMD n [7:0]:

This register sets the measurement conditions of sensors and inputs commands such as measurement start/stop.

- Parameter Register PRM n ($n = 0$ to 9, A to C)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
PRM n	PRM n [7]	PRM n [6]	PRM n [5]	PRM n [4]	PRM n [3]	PRM n [2]	PRM n [1]	PRM n [0]
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

PRM n [7:0]:

This register sets the parameters of commands.

- Command Entry Register ENT

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ENT	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ENT
R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

ENT:

After a command is set, set this bit "1" to notify the CPU of the command. When the CPU receives the command, this bit is cleared.

- Result Register RSLT n ($n = 00$ to 1F)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RSLT n	RSLT n [7]	RSLT n [6]	RSLT n [5]	RSLT n [4]	RSLT n [3]	RSLT n [2]	RSLT n [1]	RSLT n [0]
R/W	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—
Initial Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

RSLT n [7:0]:

This register indicates the processing result.

- Result Register RSLT20

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RSLT20	RSLT20[7]	RSLT20 [6]	RSLT20 [5]	RSLT20 [4]	RSLT20 [3]	RSLT20 [2]	RSLT20 [1]	RSLT20 [0]
R/W	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—	R/—
Initial Value	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

RSLT20[7:0]:

This register indicates the processing result. As this register has a FIFO structure, read data with the given size. This register can be written from a host processor only when using firmware update software which SDK offers. For details, please refer to a [ML610Q793 SDK firmware updates software manuals].

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

(DGND=AGND=0V)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage (Digital I/O)	V_{DD}	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-0.3 to +4.6	V
Power supply voltage (Digital CORE)	V_{DDL}	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-0.3 to +3.6	
Power supply voltage (Analog)	V_{DDA}	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-0.3 to +4.6	
Input voltage	V_{IN}	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-0.3 to $V_{DD}+0.3$	
Output current	I_{OUT}	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-12 to +11	mA
Power dissipation	PD	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.9	W
Storage temperature	T_{STG}	—	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

■ Recommended Operation Conditions

(DGND=AGND=0V)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Power supply voltage (Digital I/O)	V_{DD}	—	1.7	1.8	1.9	V
Power supply voltage (Digital CORE)	V_{DDL}	—	1.7	1.8	1.9	
Power supply voltage (Analog)	V_{DDA}	Used ADC	2.5	3.3	3.6	
		Unused ADC	1.7	1.8	1.9	
Analog reference voltage	V_{REF}	—	2.5	—	V_{DDA}	
Auto transient response (VDDL)	ΔV_{out}	—	—	—	± 19	mV
Clock input frequency	f_{CLK}	—	32.441	32.768	33.095	kHz
Ambient temperature	T_a	normal operation	-30	25	+85	$^\circ\text{C}$
		FLASH erase/write operation	-30	25	+60	

■ Operating Conditions of Flash Memory

(DGND=AGND=0V)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Range	Unit
Operating temperature	T_{OP}	read operation	-30 to +85	$^\circ\text{C}$
		erase/write operation	-30 to +60	
Power supply voltage	V_{DDL}	—	1.7 to 1.9	V
Rewrite count	C_{EP}	—	100	cycles
Data retention	Y_{DR}	—	10	years

■ Electrical Characteristics

● DC Characteristics (1/2)

(DVDD = VDDL = AVDD = 1.7 to 1.9V, DGND = AGND = 0V, Ta = -30 to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Power consumption (HALT)	IDD2	CPU stop *1,*2	-	0.6	16.5	μA
Power consumption (Low-speed operation)	IDD3	CPU 32 kHz operation *1,*2	-	7.5	25	μA
Power consumption (High-speed operation 1)	IDD4-1	CPU 4 MHz operation *2	-	0.93	1.3	mA
Power consumption (High-speed operation 2)	IDD4-2	CPU 4 MHz operation *3	-	1.5	2.3	mA

*1 The low-speed clock operates, and only the high-speed clock (PLL) stops

*2 The successive approximation type ADC stops

*3 The successive approximation type ADC operates with AVDD=2.5V to 3.6V

● DC Characteristics (2/2)

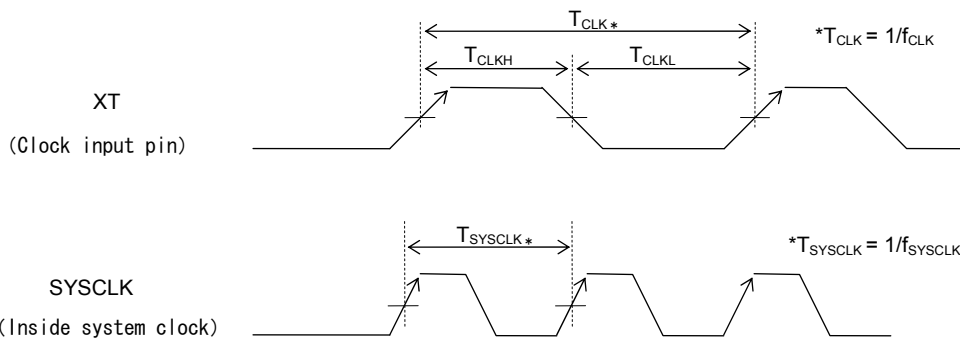
(DVDD = AVDD = 1.7 to 1.9V, DGND = AGND = 0V, Ta = -30 to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output voltage 1 (SDA_M,SCL_M)	VOH1	-	-	-	-	V
	VOL1	IOL1 = +0.5mA	-	-	0.5	
Output leakage 1 (SDA_M,SCL_M)	IOOH1	-	-	-	-	μA
	IOOL1	VOL=0V (in high-impedance state)	-1	-	-	
Output voltage 2 (Excluding SDA_M and SCL_M)	VOH2	IOH=-0.5mA	DVDD - 0.5	-	-	V
	VOL2	IOL= 0.5mA	-	-	0.5	
Output leakage 2 (Excluding SDA_M and SCL_M)	IOOH2	VOH= DVDD (in high-impedance state)	-	-	1	μA
	IOOL2	VOL= 0V (in high-impedance state)	-1	-	-	
Input current 1 (RESET_N, TEST1)	IIH1	VIH1=DVDD	-	-	1	μA
	IIL1	VIL1 = 0V	-600	-300	-2	
Input current 2 (TEST0)	IIH2	VIH1=DVDD	2	300	600	μA
	IIL2	VIL1 = 0V	-1	-	-	
Input current 3 (Excluding RESET_N, TEST1, and TEST0)	IIH3	VIH1 = DVDD(pull-down)	2	30	200	μA
	IIL3	VIL1 = 0V (pull-up)	-200	-30	-2	
	IIH3Z	VIH1=DVDD (in high-impedance state)	-	-	1	
	IIL3Z	VIL1=0V (in high-impedance state)	-1	-	-	
Input voltage	VIH1	-	DVDD × 0.7	-	-	V
	VIL1	-	-	-	DVDD × 0.3	

● AC Characteristics (Clock)

(Unless otherwise specified, DVDD = VDDL = 1.7 to 1.9V, DGND = AGND = 0V, Ta = -30 to +85°C)

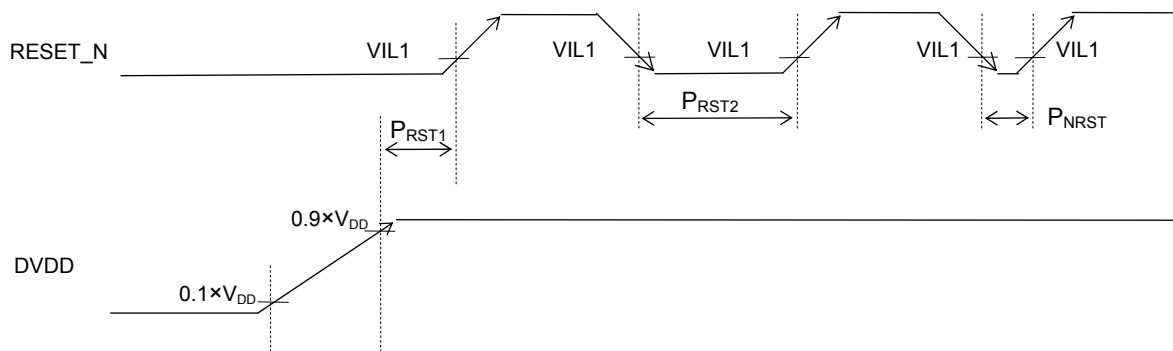
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Input clock frequency	f_{CLK}	-	Typ. -1%	32.768	Typ. +1%	kHz
Input clock High pulse width	T_{CLKH}	-	Typ. -1%	15.259	Typ. +1%	μ s
Input clock Low pulse width	T_{CLKL}	-	Typ. -1%	15.259	Typ. +1%	μ s
System clock frequency	f_{SYSCLK}	No variable power supply	3.99	4.096	4.20	MHz
		$V_{RPL} \leq 19mV$	3.89	4.096	4.30	MHz



● AC Characteristics (Reset)

(Unless otherwise specified, DVDD = VDDL = 1.7 to 1.9V, DGND = AGND = 0V, Ta = -30 to +85°C)

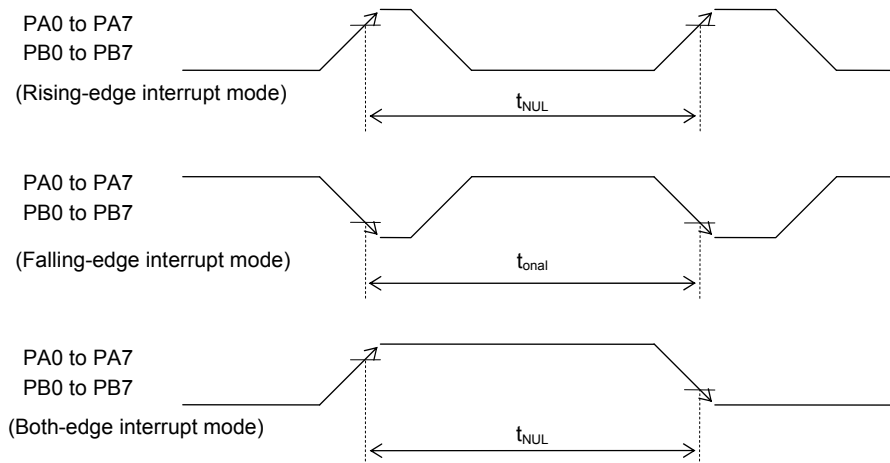
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Power-on VDD – RESET_N assertion period	P_{RST1}	—	200	-	-	μ s
Reset pulse width	P_{RST2}	—	200	-	-	
Reset noise elimination pulse width	P_{NRST}	—	-	-	0.3	



● AC Characteristics (External Interrupt)

(Unless otherwise specified, DVDD = VDDL = 1.7 to 1.9V, DGND = AGND = 0V, Ta = -30 to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
External interrupt disable period	T_{NUL}	Interrupt: Enabled (MIE = 1), CPU: NOP operation System clock: 32.768kHz	76.8	–	106.8	μ s



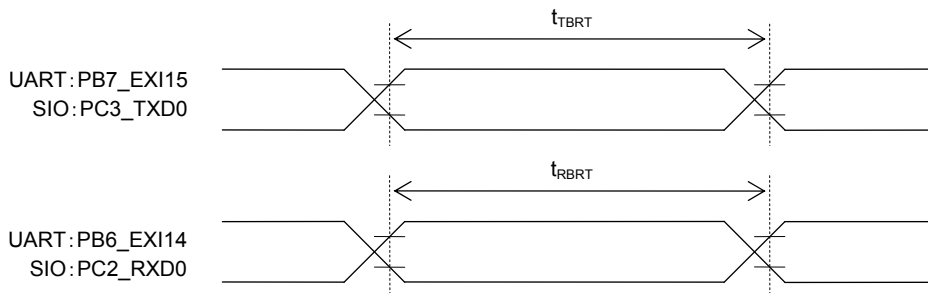
● AC Characteristics (UART/SIO)

(Unless otherwise specified, DVDD = VDDL = 1.7 to 1.9V, DGND = AGND = 0V, Ta = -30 to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Transmit baud rate	t_{TBRT}	–	–	BRT* ¹	–	s
Receive baud rate	t_{RBRT}	–	BRT* ¹ -3%	BRT* ¹	BRT* ¹ +3%	s

*1: UART : Baud rate period set with the UART baud rate dividing register (LSB/MSB).

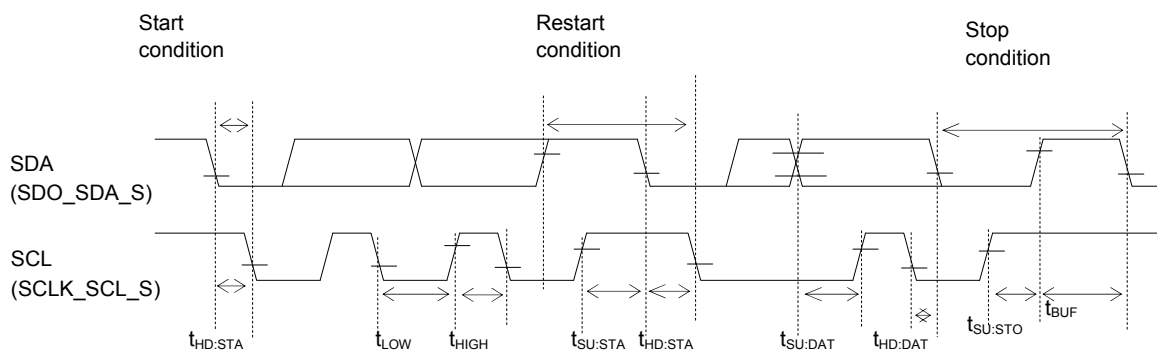
SIO : Baud rate period set with the UART0 baud rate register (UA0BRTL,H) and the UART0 mode register 0 (UA0MOD0).



- AC Characteristics (Host Interface: I2C Slave Interface)

(Unless otherwise specified, DVDD = VDDL = 1.7 to 1.9, DGND = AGND = 0V, Ta = -30 to +85°C)

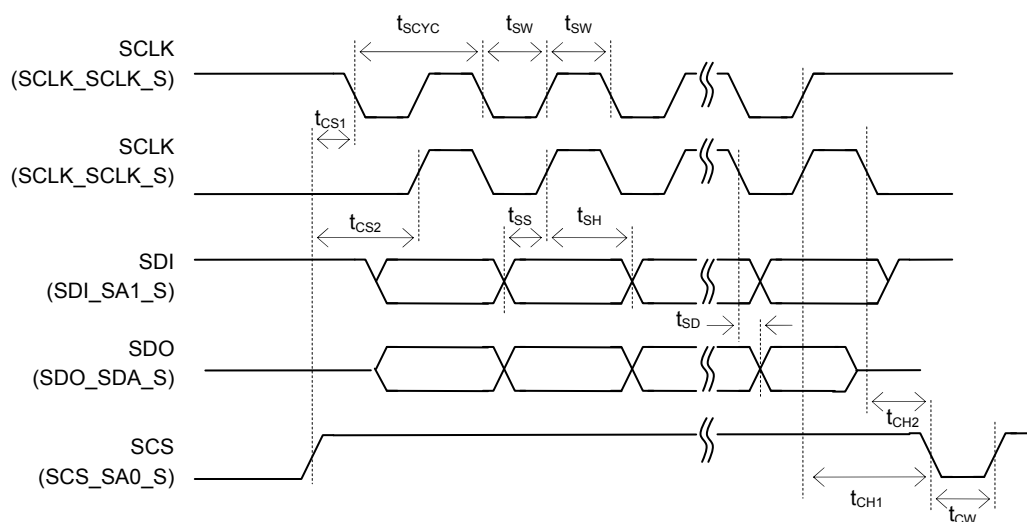
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
SCL clock frequency	f_{SCL}	—	0	—	400	kHz
SCL hold time (start/restart condition)	$t_{HD:STA}$	—	0.6	—	—	μ s
SCL "L" level time	t_{LOW}	—	1.3	—	—	μ s
SCL "H" level time	t_{HIGH}	—	0.6	—	—	μ s
SCL setup time (restart condition)	$t_{SU:STA}$	—	0.6	—	—	μ s
SDA hold time	$t_{HD:DAT}$	—	0	—	—	ns
SDA setup time	$t_{SU:DAT}$	—	0.1	—	—	μ s
SDA setup time (stop condition)	$t_{SU:STO}$	—	0.6	—	—	μ s
Bus-free time	t_{BUF}	—	1.3	—	—	μ s



● AC Characteristics (Host Interface: SPI Slave Interface)

(Unless otherwise specified, DVDD = VDDL = 1.7 to 1.9, DGND = AGND = 0V, Ta = -30 to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
SCLK input cycle	t_{SCYC}	—	0.5	—	—	μs
SCLK input pulse width	t_{SW}	—	0.2	—	—	μs
SCS setup time	t_{CS1}	—	80	—	—	ns
	t_{CS2}	—	80	—	—	ns
SCS hold time	t_{CH1}	—	80	—	—	ns
	t_{CH2}	—	80	—	—	ns
SCS input pulse width	t_{CW}	—	90	—	—	ns
SDO output delay time	t_{SD}	—	—	—	240	ns
SDI input setup time	t_{SS}	—	80	—	—	ns
SDI input hold time	t_{SH}	—	80	—	—	ns

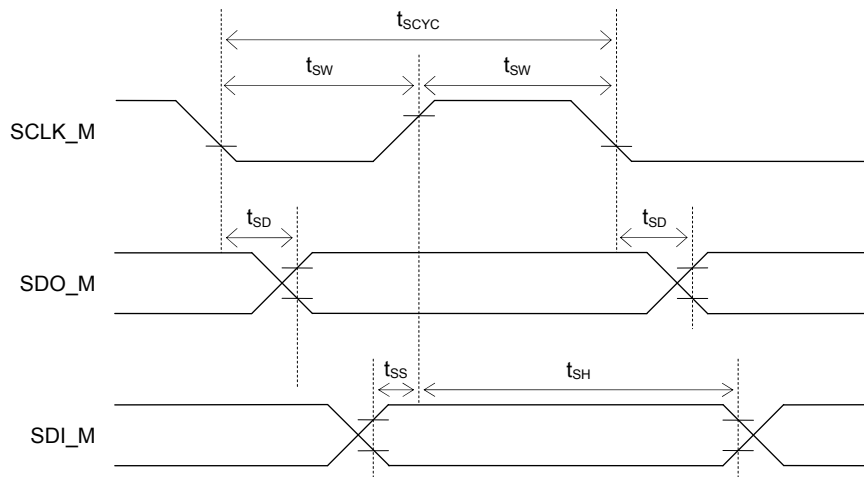


● AC Characteristics (SPI Master Interface)

(Unless otherwise specified, DVDD = VDDL = 1.7 to 1.9, DGND = AGND = 0V, Ta = -30 to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
SCLK_M output cycle	t_{SCYC}	—	—	$SCLK^{*1}$	—	s
SCLK_M output pulse width	t_{SW}	—	$SCLK^{*1} \times 0.4$	$SCLK^{*1} \times 0.5$	$SCLK^{*1} \times 0.6$	s
SDO_M output delay time	t_{SD}	—	—	—	240	ns
SDI_M input setup time	t_{SS}	—	240	—	—	ns
SDI_M input hold time	t_{SH}	—	80	—	—	ns

*1: Internal clock cycle selected by the interface register

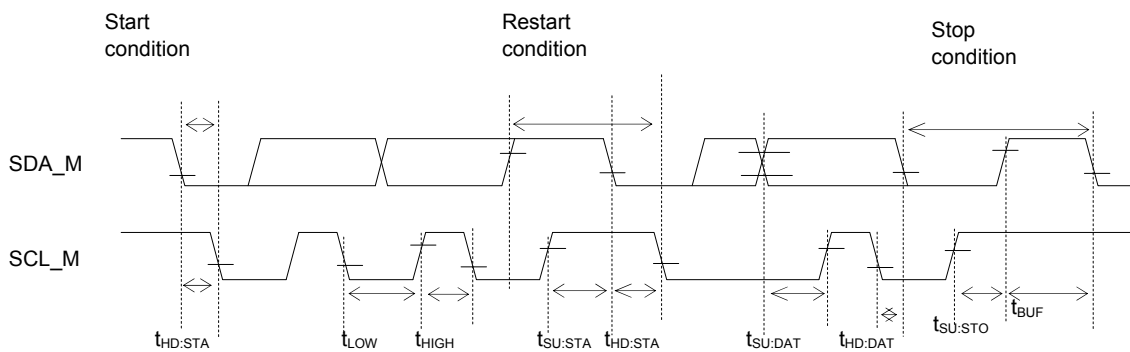


- AC Characteristics (I2C Master Interface: Standard Mode 100 kHz)
(Unless otherwise specified, DVDD = VDDL = 1.7 to 1.9, DGND = AGND = 0V, Ta = -30 to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
SCL clock frequency	f_{SCL}	—	0	—	100	kHz
SCL hold time (start/restart condition)	$t_{HD:STA}$	—	4.0	—	—	μ s
SCL "L" level time	t_{LOW}	—	4.7	—	—	μ s
SCL "H" level time	t_{HIGH}	—	4.0	—	—	μ s
SCL setup time (restart condition)	$t_{SU:STA}$	—	4.7	—	—	μ s
SDA hold time	$t_{HD:DAT}$	—	0	—	—	μ s
SDA setup time	$t_{SU:DAT}$	—	0.25	—	—	μ s
SDA setup time (stop condition)	$t_{SU:STO}$	—	4.0	—	—	μ s
Bus-free time	t_{BUF}	—	4.7	—	—	μ s

- AC Characteristics (I2C Master Interface: Fast Mode 400 kHz)
(Unless otherwise specified, DVDD = VDDL = 1.7 to 1.9, DGND = AGND = 0V, Ta = -30 to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
SCL_M clock frequency	f_{SCL}	—	0	—	400	kHz
SCL_M hold time (start/restart condition)	$t_{HD:STA}$	—	0.6	—	—	μ s
SCL_M "L" level time	t_{LOW}	—	1.3	—	—	μ s
SCL_M "H" level time	t_{HIGH}	—	0.6	—	—	μ s
SCL_M setup time (restart condition)	$t_{SU:STA}$	—	0.6	—	—	μ s
SDA_M hold time	$t_{HD:DAT}$	—	0	—	—	μ s
SDA_M setup time	$t_{SU:DAT}$	—	0.1	—	—	μ s
SDA_M setup time (stop condition)	$t_{SU:STO}$	—	0.6	—	—	μ s
Bus-free time	t_{BUF}	—	1.3	—	—	μ s



● Electrical Characteristics of Successive Approximation Type A/D Converter

(Unless otherwise specified, DVDD=VDDL=1.7to1.9V, AVDD=2.5to3.6V, DGND=AGND=0V, Ta=-30to+85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Resolution	n	—	—	—	12	bit
Integral non-linearity error margin	INL	$2.7V \leq V_{REF} \leq 3.6V$	-4	—	+4	LSB
		$2.5V \leq V_{REF} \leq 2.7V$	-6	—	+6	
Differential non-linearity error margin	DNL	$2.7V \leq V_{REF} \leq 3.6V$	-3	—	+3	
		$2.5V \leq V_{REF} \leq 2.7V$	-5	—	+5	
Zero-scale error	V _{OFF}	—	-6	—	+6	
Full-scale error	FSE	—	-6	—	+6	
Reference voltage	V _{REF}	—	2.5	—	V _{DDA}	V
Conversion time	t _{CONV}	At high-speed operation	—	112	—	φ/CH

φ: Cycle of high-speed clock

■ Power-On / Power-Off Procedures

Keep the power-on and power-off procedures of DVDD, VDDL supply at the same time.

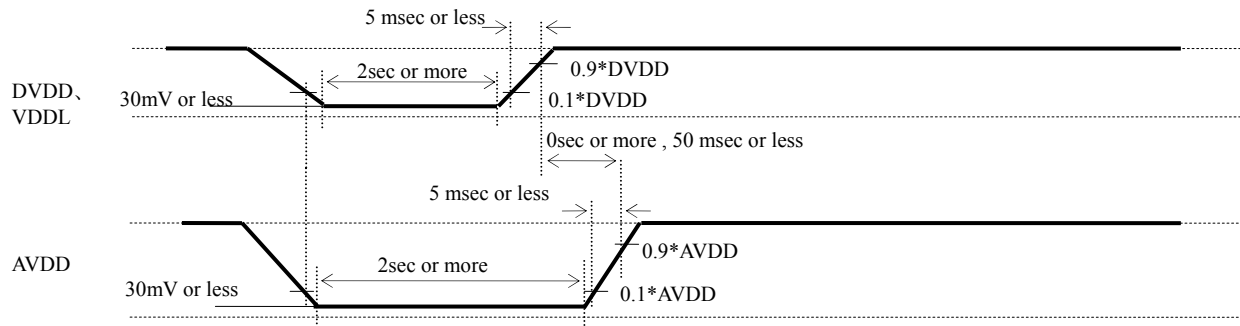
And DVDD, VDDL supply indetical voltage.

Keep the power-on procedures of DVDD(VDDL), AVDD supply at the same time.

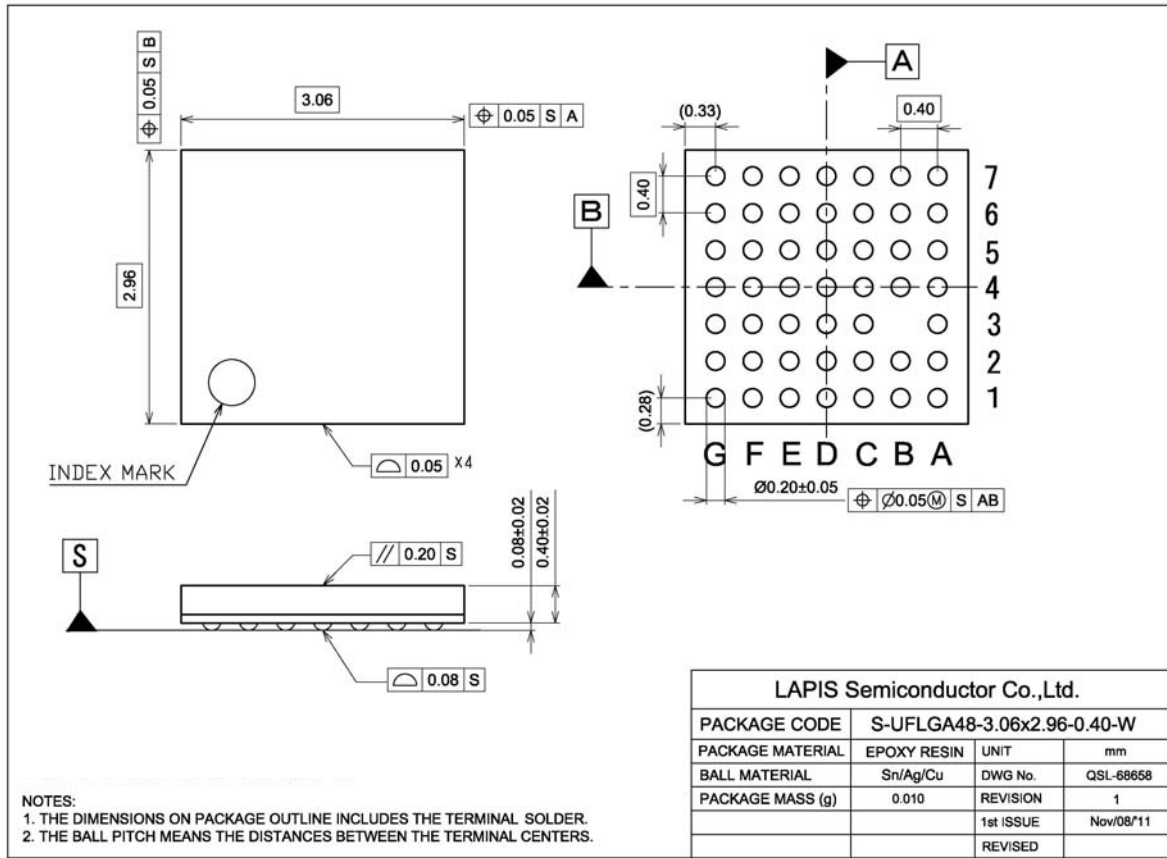
Or DVDD(VDDL) supply voltage before AVDD.

And AVDD supply voltage within 50 msec, after DVDD(VDDL) supply voltage.

The timing restrictions are shown as following.



■ Package Dimensions



Notes for Mounting the Surface Mount Type Package

The surface mount type packages are very susceptible to heat in reflow mounting and humidity absorbed in storage. Therefore, before you perform reflow mounting, contact our responsible sales person for the product name, package name, pin number, package code and desired mounting conditions (reflow method, temperature and times).

■ Revision History

Document No.	Issue Date	Page		Description
		Previous Edition	New Edition	
PEDL610Q793-01	2012.12.10	—	—	Preliminary first edition issued
FEDL610Q793-01	2013.6.12	—	—	First edition issued
FEDL610Q793-02	2015.1.26	5	5	VDDX,XTN,VPP function change with test pin(open)
		6	6	notation of open change
		6	6	Delete of RESET_N from Termination of Unused Pins
		7	7	change from includes an 8-bit and a 16-bit register address ... to 8-bit register address
		7	7	RSLT00,02,04,06,08,0A,0C,0E,10,12,14,16,18,1A,1C,1E size change from 8/16 to 8
		9	9	Sensor Interrupt Mask Register, correction of errors.
		12	12	Recommended Operation Conditions Vref Min change from 2.2 to 2.5
		13	13	DC Characteristics (2/2) correction of errors
		14	14	f _{CLK} , T _{CLKH} , T _{CLKL} changed Min/Max Spec
		14	14	Add the standard of power-on VDD – RESET_N assertion period.
		17	17	AC Characteristics (SPI Slave Interface), correction of errors.
		20	20	Voltage setting, correction of errors.
21	21	Add the standard of power-on / power-off procedures.		

NOTES

No copying or reproduction of this document, in part or in whole, is permitted without the consent of LAPIS Semiconductor Co., Ltd.

The content specified herein is subject to change for improvement without notice.

Examples of application circuits, circuit constants and any other information contained herein illustrate the standard usage and operations of the Products. The peripheral conditions must be taken into account when designing circuits for mass production.

Great care was taken in ensuring the accuracy of the information specified in this document. However, should you incur any damage arising from any inaccuracy or misprint of such information, LAPIS Semiconductor shall bear no responsibility for such damage.

The technical information specified herein is intended only to show the typical functions of and examples of application circuits for the Products. LAPIS Semiconductor does not grant you, explicitly or implicitly, any license to use or exercise intellectual property or other rights held by LAPIS Semiconductor and other parties. LAPIS Semiconductor shall bear no responsibility whatsoever for any dispute arising from the use of such technical information.

The Products specified in this document are intended to be used with general-use electronic equipment or devices (such as audio visual equipment, office-automation equipment, communication devices, electronic appliances and amusement devices).

The Products specified in this document are not designed to be radiation tolerant.

While LAPIS Semiconductor always makes efforts to enhance the quality and reliability of its Products, a Product may fail or malfunction for a variety of reasons.

Please be sure to implement in your equipment using the Products safety measures to guard against the possibility of physical injury, fire or any other damage caused in the event of the failure of any Product, such as derating, redundancy, fire control and fail-safe designs. LAPIS Semiconductor shall bear no responsibility whatsoever for your use of any Product outside of the prescribed scope or not in accordance with the instruction manual.

The Products are not designed or manufactured to be used with any equipment, device or system which requires an extremely high level of reliability the failure or malfunction of which may result in a direct threat to human life or create a risk of human injury (such as a medical instrument, transportation equipment, aerospace machinery, nuclear-reactor controller, fuel-controller or other safety device). LAPIS Semiconductor shall bear no responsibility in any way for use of any of the Products for the above special purposes. If a Product is intended to be used for any such special purpose, please contact a ROHM sales representative before purchasing.

If you intend to export or ship overseas any Product or technology specified herein that may be controlled under the Foreign Exchange and the Foreign Trade Law, you will be required to obtain a license or permit under the Law.

Copyright 2012-2015 LAPIS Semiconductor Co., Ltd.

LAPIS Semiconductor Co.,Ltd.

2-4-8 Shinyokohama, Kouhoku-ku,
Yokohama 222-8575, Japan
<http://www.lapis-semi.com/en/>